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The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday September 22 to Saturday September 26. 1713.

Madrid, September 11. *N. S.*

WE have received Advice from the Camp before Barcelona, that the Catalans had begun to build another Fort at the Foot of Montjoue, and to raiſe a Battery there, which would have very much annoy'd the King's Army, but the Duke de Popoli ſent a Body of Infantry to attack the Place, and after a long reſiſtance they made themſelves Maſters of it, and raz'd all the Works thereabouts. Monſieur Bracamonte, who was ſent with a Detachment of Three thouſand Men in purſuit of General Nebot, overtook and got the better of him in two Encounters, after which the Inhabitants of Vick and the Plains made their Submiſſion to his Majeſty, and deſired ſome Troops to protect them from the Inſults of the Enemy, which has been granted them. Some Days ago three of the King's Galleys attack'd two Catalan Ships, one of Twenty four, and the other of Eighteen Guns, and after a ſharp Fight took them both. They have likewiſe burnt above Forty ſmall Boats that were carrying Proviſions into Barcelona.

Turin, September 16. *N. S.* The Duke has been indiſpoſed for ſome Days, which has obliged him to put off his Journey to Alexandria. The Marquis de Courtance is returned from Sicily, with an Account, that the Vice-Roy had received Orders to put his Royal Highneſs into Poſſeſſion of that Kingdom, and Deputies from their Nobility and Senate are expected very ſoon at this Court. A Gentleman is arrived here from Admiral Jennings, in order to ſettle the Embarkation, and it is agreed that the Duke's whole Train, conſiſting of Four hundred and fifty Perſons, ſhall go on Board the Men of War. His Royal Highneſs has appointed the 27th for his departure, and the Government is to be committed to the Prince of Piedmont during his abſence. Mr. Chetwynd, Her Majeſty's Envoy at this Court, had his Audience of Leave ſome Days ago, and is gone to Paris, in his way to Great Britain. Yeſterday the Marquis de Doria arrived here in Quality of Envoy Extraordinary from the Republick of Genoa.

Frankfort, September 23. *N. S.* The greateſt part of the French Army having paſſed the Rhine at Strasburg and Briſac, on the 20th Mareſchal Villars attack'd and forc'd the Imperial Lines on the Black Foreſt, where the Franconian Regiment of Jaxtheim ſuffered very much. Of twelve Battalions that attempted to get into Fribourg, the two laſt were ſo broken, that few of them could get into the Place. General Vaubonne, who commanded in the Lines, perceiving the Strength of his Enemies, thought proper to retire to Hohen-Graven. Prince Eugene has ſent a Detachment of ten Battalions, four Regiments of Imperial Horſe, and two of Huſſars, to ſuſtain that General. It is now thought the French deſign to make an Attempt upon Villengen, in which caſe they muſt be obliged to ſend a great way for Forage, and will find it very difficult to ſubſiſt there. A contagious Diſtemper is lately broke out in Bavaria and the Upper Palatinate, upon which the Moſt Chriſtian King has forbid all Correſpondence between Straſbourg and the reſt of the Empire.

Hamburgh, Sept. 26. *N. S.* The Contagious Diſtemper encreaſes very much in this City, notwithſtanding the great Diligence that is us'd by the Magiſtrates of Health to prevent it from ſpreading. The Conferences between Baron Goertz and the Daniſh Miniſters have been diſcontinued for ſome time, and we are aſſur'd the King of Denmark will not conſent to raiſe the Blockade of Tonningen, till after the concluſion of a Treaty between him and the Houſe of Gottorp. His Majeſty ſtill inſiſts upon having Satisfaction made him for the Swedes being admitted into that Place, and propoſes ſome other Conditions that the Adminiſtrator cannot grant, during the minority of the Duke. Since the Court of Mecklenbourg has refus'd the Muſcovites Demands, they have committed great Diſorders in that Country, and have carried away ſeveral of the principal Inhabitants to their Camp before Stetin. They have at laſt opened the Trenches before that Place, which was done with great Confuſion. The Workmen were terrify'd with the Shot from the Town, and could hardly be brought back to finiſh what they had begun. On the other ſide, the Swedes imagining they had a Deſign to Storm the Town, poſted the Garriſon on the Counterſcarp, and the Citizens on the Ramparts, but they not being train'd to Arms, fir'd on their own Men, and kill'd more of them than of the Enemy. The Czar was in great danger of being caſt away by a Storm in his Paſſage to Finland: His Fleet was ſeparated, ſome of the Ships ſplit againſt the Rocks, and his Majeſty was forced to ſave himſelf in a Shallop. The Swediſh Fleet lies at Anchor at Alandſtaff near Abo, in order to prevent any more of the Muſcovite Troops from being tranſported into the Kingdom. The Czar has been advancing with his Army ever ſince the 14th of Auguſt, and the Swedes muſt either yeild up the Country, or hazard a Battle, which they ſeek all means to avoid, by reaſon of the ſuperior Strength of their Enemies. The Impriſonment of King Staniſlaus and the Palatin of Kiovia is confirm'd by Letters from Warſaw of the 16th; however, the Turks continued their March towards the Frontiers of Poland, and were but at three Leagues diſtance from Caminiec when the laſt Accounts came from thence.

Hague, Sept. 30. *N. S.* On the 27th the Earl of Strafford returned from Utrecht, and has ſince been frequently in Conference with the Great Penſionary and the Deputies of the States General. Their High Mightineſſes have publiſhed a new Edict, forbidding any Perſon from coming into theſe Provinces from the Town of Hamburgh, upon Pain of Death. The Plenipotentiaries of the States are come hither from Utrecht, to receive

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